## Exhibit B

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1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS
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4	STUDENTS FOR FAIR * ADMISSIONS, INC., *
5	Plaintiff, * *
6	vs. * CIVIL ACTION * No. 14-14176-ADB
7	PRESIDENT AND FELLOWS OF * HARVARD COLLEGE, et al, * Defendants. *
8	* * * * * * * * * * * * * *
9	BEFORE THE HONORABLE ALLISON D. BURROUGHS UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
10	STATUS CONFERENCE
11	APPEARANCES
12	CONCOVOY MECADENIA DADIA DI LO
13	CONSOVOY McCARTHY PARK PLLC Ten Post Office Square, 8th Floor
14	Boston, Massachusetts 02109  for the plaintiff
15	By: Patrick Strawbridge, Esq.
16	MILIMED CHELLED DICKEDING HALE and DODD LLD (Daw)
17	WILMER CUTLER PICKERING HALE and DORR LLP (Bos) 60 State Street
18	Boston, Massachusetts 02109 for the defendants
19	By: Felicia H. Ellsworth, Esq.
20	
21	Courtroom No. 17
22	Robing Room John J. Moakley Courthouse
23	1 Courthouse Way Boston, Massachusetts 02210
24	September 6, 2016 9:30 a.m.
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1 So going backwards it is, it's not just the push of 2 a button but it is a similar format. Some of the fields won't exist in earlier years, right. Some things were 3 Some field names might change but it is easier to go 4 5 backwards than forward from the administrative --6 THE COURT: So how about this as a compromise. 7 I give you the eight years but only make them go 8 backwards --9 MR. STRAWBRIDGE: That's fine with us. 10 suppose, I think Harvard had more of an interest in having a 11 more recent year but I think we view pre-employment (ph.) 12 years as more probative anyway. 13 MS. ELLSWORTH: We're certainly happy to go 14 backwards. We still think eight is too many and we suggest 15 maybe doing individualized data fields for whatever number 16 of years you might honor and then some -- that you order, 17 excuse me, and some aggregate data back, further back, back 18 eight years. I'm not sure why we need a line item for 19 each --20 THE COURT: I'm definitely going back to six 21 because Fisher says three isn't enough and, so it's not 22 going to be, it's going to be between six and eight but what 23 about that six years going backwards with the aggregate data 24 for the seventh and eighth years?

MR. STRAWBRIDGE: Obviously we prefer eight

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1 but six years going backwards is certainly a good start. 2 quess --THE COURT: All right. Let's do this. 3 Six 4 years going backwards, aggregate data for seven and eight. 5 If there is anything in the aggregate data that looks anomalous to you, you can raise it and we'll see about 6 7 digging deeper into that, okay. MR. STRAWBRIDGE: Okay. So just to make sure 8 9 I understand, we're talking about the six years prior to the 10 years that they've already produced? 11 THE COURT: They produced the two most recent 12 years, right? 13 MR. STRAWBRIDGE: Right. 14 THE COURT: So six years prior, so four years 15 complete data prior and then two years of aggregate data. 16 MR. STRAWBRIDGE: Okay. 17 MS. ELLSWORTH: So we're producing four more 18 years going backwards? 19 THE COURT: Yes. 20 MS. ELLSWORTH: And then for aggregate data --21 THE COURT: So you guys can sort out aggregate 22 data. And if it ends up being easier for you to produce all 23 six years in the same way, that's fine too. But I do have 24 concerns about, you know, there is a view, even a view in my 25 chambers that, you know, two complete four-year cycles is